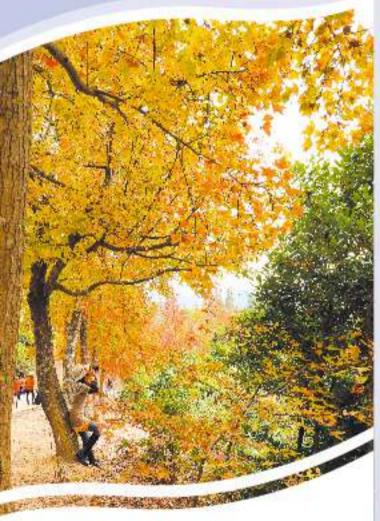
新りませる。 郊野公園 Country Parks in West New Territories





新界西京7野公園 Country Parks in West New Territories

新界西郊野公園既有湖光山色、又有氣勢磅礴的瀑布和騰雲駕霧的景致,漫步其中,有如 置身醉人仙景。區內共有大欖、大帽山和林村三個郊野公園,共佔地8372公頃。



元荃君道石龍桜一帯風光 Breathtaking view from Shek Lung Kung of Yuen Tsuen Ancient Trail

With beautiful reservoirs, mist-shrouded mountains and imposing waterfalls, the three country parks in west New Territories are like a fairyland, namely the Tai Lam Country Park, the Tai Mo Shan Country Park and the Lam Tsuen Country Park, covering an area of 8372 hectares.



語編卷散裂瀑 Straggling-hair Fall at Ng Tung Chal



大学観書群 Tal Tong Sweet Gum Woods

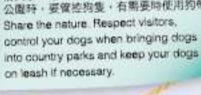
& Courtesy Outing Tips



要惜自然景物,不塗護、不破壞 Treasure natural features. No graffiti. No vandalism.



情共享,尊重遊人,帶領狗隻進人郊野 公園時,要實控狗隻,有需要時使用狗帶 Treasure trees. Do not light fire except at the barbecue sites and campates. on leash if necessary.







要指据她,尊重村田的私人助是。 雌作物及牲畜 Treasure countryside. Respect villagers' private properties, crops and livestock.



珍惜水源,不拣冰、不污染 Treasure water resources. Do not swim in or pollute water.



遠足安全指引 Hiking Safety Guidelines



遊覽守則 Code for Visiting Country Parks and Special Areas



郊野樂行 Enjoy Hiking



交通資訊 Transport Information

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借物減廢. 自己垃圾。 自己带走 reasure resources. Reduce waste and take your litter home.



外不生火

愛信奉辞·陈任養養 離音樂時使用耳槽 Treasure tranquility. Keep the noise down and wear earphones when listening to music.





大權公司外公園 Tai Lam Country Park



大役編水塘主壩 Main Dam of Tai Lam Chung Reservoir

此為香港第二大郊野公園,佔地5412公頃,園內七個水塘和集水區,水質清澈碧透,樹木翠綠有致,有如一幅幅巨型的山水畫卷展現眼前。

As the second largest country park in Hong Kong, the Tai Lam Country Park covers an area of 5412 hectares. The seven clear, azure green reservoirs and catchments as well as verdurous trees in the park form an enchanting landscape.





清潭下灌漑水塘 Tsing Tam Lower Irrigation Reservoir

大幅山京了野公園 Tai Mo Shan Country Park

大帽山四時景色變化萬千,朝露晚霞,拂晓 時分登臨山巔,可見金光萬道。北面的梧桐 寨瀑布群氣勢攝人,水聲鏗鏘有致。



大幅山梯田遺跡 Traces of terraced tields at Tal Mo Shan



太帽山夜暈 Night scenes from Tal Mo Shan

林村空下野心園

此郊野公園由大刀屻及雞公嶺所組成, 兩座山峰巍峨陡峭,縱然山徑費力難 行,早春野杜鵑迎風吐艷、秋冬一片金 黄、夏天蒼巒疊翠,八鄉平原一帶的鄉 郊景致盡收眼簾,難怪吸引了一群又一 群具遠足經驗者慕名登峰。



The park mainly comprises two towering peaks – Tai To Yan and Kai Kung Leng. Despite the rugged mountain paths, flocks of experienced hikers are attracted there to appreciate the wild Azalea bursting into gorgeous bloom in early spring, golden fields in autumn, undulating and verdant trees in summer as well as pastoral scenes in Pat Heung Plain.



大帽山觀景台 Tai Mo Shan Viewing Compass

Sights in the park change with seasons.

Nothing can be compared with the morning

dew, the sunset glow and the glittering rays of

the rising sun there. The Ng Tung Chal

waterfalls in the north keep pouring down with

great momentum.





大刀刷 Tal To Yan





Ridge of

随公辅山脊

八鄉平原

雞公嶺主峰高585米,與南、北大刀屻互相輝映。 縱然要登上難公嶺的山徑會略感吃力,但沿途風景 優美,可欣賞到廣闊的南生園和米埔的景色,而夕 陽下的后海灣更是絕嶺下的浪漫仙景。

The main peak of Kai Kung Leng is 585 metres high, standing side by side with the South Tai To Yan and North Tai To Yan. Although it is somewhat difficult to climb up the peak, the scenery along is superb, e.g. expansive Nam Sang Wai and Mai Po. Deep Bay in the sunset is wildly romantic.



八鄉平原是香港其中一個沖積平原,毗鄰元朗平 原,源於錦田河長年累月的沖積物。由於土地廣闊 且肥沃,曾是本港農業的發展要地。雖然平原的阡 陌田野現已人面全非,其縱橫交錯的鄉郊村落依然 清晰可見。大幅山北觀景台是俯瞰平原的絕佳地



Pat Heung Plain, one of the alluvial plains in Hong Kong next to Yuen Long Plain, is the result of alluvial deposits of Kam Tin River over the years. Given vast fertile land areas, it had been an important field for agricultural production in Hong Kong. Although crisscross paths and fields have changed beyond recognition, scattered rural villages are still visible. The sightseeing platform of Tai Mo Shan in the north is an excellent place to overlook the Plain.



被選為香港郊野十景之一的河背水塘於一九六一年 啟用,「S」型的水壩氣勢磅礴。水塘四周蒼巒層 翠,在水中央有一個小鳥,一湖澄碧,遊人仿如置 身於世外桃源之中。

The Ho Pui Reservoir, rated one of the top ten country scenes in Hong Kong country parks, went into operation in 1961, Its S-shaped dam is magnificent and surrounded by lush green hills. The reservoir is as clear as a mirror, with an islet in the middle, creating an immediate sense of Shangri-la.







Red Leaves and Blossoms



初冬的微風悄悄地為大欖林道換妝,楓香葉慢慢地 轉黃、轉紅,紅花荷和香港茶亦爭相吐艷,夕陽映 照連綿的芒草,為寒冬增添一絲暖意,難怪成為香 港觀賞紅菜的勝地。

Silently, the breeze of early winter has turned the leaves of Sweet Gum on the Tai Lam Forest Track to yellow and red. Rhodoleia and Hong Kong Camellia are vying with each other in beauty. The setting sun shining upon a stretch of Silvergrass adds a ghost of warmth to the severe winter. All components above become parts of the best venue for appreciating red leaves in Hong Kong.

Thousand-island Lake

大欖涌水塘是第二次世界大戰後首個興建的水塘,擁有

大小不同的小島,素有「千島湖」的美譽。水塘原址為 大横涌谷・山丘於一九五七年被淹浸而成為島嶼。谷內 的大欖村、大圍村、簡屋地及胡屋村等舊村亦被淹沒。 舊村還址仍在涌谷之中,只會在水塘水位大幅下降時才 會外露,風景慶美,可媲美日本仙台松島。



The Tai Lam Chung Reservoir is the first reservoir built after the Second World War. With numerous islets of different sizes, the reservoir is acclaimed as the "Thousand-island Lake". The reservoir was originally Tai Lam Chung Valley which was submerged in 1957 and became an islet-dotted reservoir. Tal Lam Village, Tai Wai Village, Kan Uk Tei Village, Wu Uk Village and other villages in the valley were also flooded. Sites of the old villages will only expose when the water level of the reservoir drops significantly. Its scenery is comparable to that of Matsushima in Sendai, Japan.

Yuen Tsuen Ancient Trail

元荃古道是昔日連接元朗及

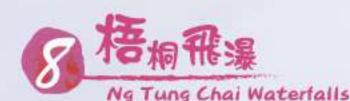
荃灣的主要通道,已有300

品。由於田夫仔是這條古道



Original stony steps at Yuan Tsuan Ancient Trail

This 300 - 400 years old ancient trail was once the main linkage between Yuen Long and Tsuen Wan. It used to be a vital path for villagers living in Pat Heung to deliver their crops to the town of Tsuen Wan in exchanging daily commodities. Since Tin Fu Tsai was a stopover between these two areas, the commerce of this village was rather active in the past.





梧桐寨位於大帽山以北,以群山瀑布馳名,瀑布群 分為主瀑、中瀑、井底瀑及散髮瀑。主瀑高40米, 氣勢磅礴。當水量充沛時,飛流直瀉,壯觀非常; 但當水量減少時,層層而下如髮絲般的流水,卻又 為瀑布增添了一份嬌美。

Lying north of Tai Mo Shan, Ng Tung Chai is famous for its waterfalls, which are divided into the Long Fall, the Middle Fall, the Well Fall and the Straggling-hair Fall. Descending 40 metres, the Long Fall is magnificent. When the water is abundant, the fall dashes straight down with a tremendous momentum; When the fall's flow slackens, it slides down smoothly like silk and the view is also charming.



大帽山為香港最高的山峰,高957米,山頂的景色變 化萬千 --- 天晴時, 荃灣、青衣、港島、新界以至 境外的深圳和蛇口的景致都盡收眼簾; 雲霧聚合 時,又另有一番騰雲駕霧的景致,讓人有如賞身天 空之城;遇上濕冷天氣時,更有機會觀賞到冰掛及 結霜等奇景。



Ever-changing sceneries at Tai Mo Shan

Tai Mo Shan, the highest mountain in Hong Kong, has an altitude of 957 metres. Views from the summit are changing all the time - when it is sunny, you can have a panoramic view of Tsuen Wan, Tsing Yi, Hong Kong Island, the New Territories and even Shenzhen and Shekou where are outside Hong Kong boundary, when there are clouds, the beautiful sceneries make you feel as if you were treading on clouds and in the city of sky; when the weather is cold and wet, you may have the chance to appreciate wonderful views like glaze ice and frost.